WAF, HINGTON.

CONT' NUED FROM THIRD PAGE

jed it would not be adopted by the govern-

hoped it would not be adopted by the government.

"A people of the South must be done as a matter it have, not as a matter of right. The argument of it. Sumner on that point was, and would remain manswerable. Whenever in other countries friends if the government had been compensated in like circumstances it had always been as a reward for some meritorious service, and so it should be here. Southern Senators were streaucus in urging the obligation of Congress to do something for the loyal cepile of the South. Admitting, for argument sake, he obligation, he would remind those Senators of what the government had already done for them. Had it not established the Bureau of Freedmen and Refugres to feed the starying Unionists of the South. Had not the people of the nation taxed themselves, publicly and privately, for the same purpose again? What reason was there for complaining hat the government failed to distinguish between oyal and disloyal? He thought the government and the sopile of the North had already done much for the oyalists of the South, and ought not to be expected od on more than would be reasonable or possible. Mr. Thrayrs, (rep.) of Nev., regretted that this bill or the relief of Miss Murphy seemed to be regarded by Senators as a test case, and he would vote for its recommittal because he had some doubt about the merits of the claim; but when the general questions were presented for his consideration—what is the luty and what should be the attitude of the government of the claim; but when the general questions were presented for his consideration—what is the luty and what should be the attitude of the government of the south who was faithful to thours the war? he did not require the aid of Puffendorf or Grotius in order to feterule in and, however sound in law might be he proposition of the Senator from Massachusetts Sumner! and the other opponents of this bill, that hose people were public enemies, his heart and judgment revolted against it. He held that every man at he South who was faithful to the

beginning of the war the government has enraged the people of the South to be loyal, promise them protection for life and property, so tar as in its power. What kind of protection? Manily the same kind of protection for life and property that it gave to all men in the North. If the mise did not mean that it meant nothing. How, could the government refuse payment to a all Southern man for his propetty, taken under the cumstances, in which a Northern man would be did without violating this solemn national piedget piedge which had been repeated in another may be the generals of our armies by giving to the work of Mr. Henner was sorry to say that one of the secretaries of the schemes as to use the reports of Mr. Beega in view of the fact that the canal would see whose property they took vouchers that should should be done by the democratic party, who had never professed to be friendly to the Southern Unionists, and never by the republican party, which had made such professions and had besonght their aid in the war. In reply to the proposition of Mr. Williams, yesterday, that property could not have been taken under the same circumstances in Alabama as in New York during the war, because the constitution and laws were in force in New York, while they were suspended by military law in Alabama. Mr. Morton insisted that the property of loyal men in Alabama had been always under the protection of the constitution, and that the contrary dotrine was contrary to the whole theory and practice of Congress—the work of reconstruction; and in reply to the argument that loyal Southern men were by international law public enemies, he said the nation was estopped from setting up that plan by its own express promise.

Mr. Wilson, (rep.) of Mase., said that two years

the argument that loyal Southern men were by international law public enemies, he said the nation was estopped from setting up that plan by its own express promise.

Mr. Wilson, (rep.) of Mass., said that two years ago, upon the assumption that whatever might be the legal position of the loyal people of the South, Congress would deal with them justy. The Military Committee recommend the appointment of a commission to examine and report upon the claims of loyalists in the States lately in rebellion. No action had been taken upon that recommendation, but 20,176 such claims, amounting to \$10,20,000, had been filed in the Quartermaster's department. A portion of them had been passed upon and claims to the amount of \$533,313 had been allowed with a reduction upon those allowed of \$140,000. One thousand five hundred and seventy-four claims, amounting to \$2,554,000, had been rejected and claims to the amount of \$6,000,000 were still pending. In the Commissary Department there had been made 5,386 claims, amounting to \$2,488,000, disallowed, so that the proportion of the claims allowed, and 3,545 claims, amounting to \$2,488,000, disallowed, so that the proportion of the claims allowed, so that the proportion of the claims allowed, and 3,545 claims, amounting to \$2,488,000, disallowed, so that the proportion of the claims allowed, and 3,545 claims, amounting to \$2,488,000, disallowed, so that the proportion of the claims allowed was very smail, and he had been told by the officers that a great number were fraudulent and had to be carefully-examined in order to be detected. From these figures, which he thought included nearly all the claims that could be made by the people of the South, they were satisfied that the amount of claims that would be made, including claims like Miss Murphy, had been greatly over estimated, and probably would prove the result of the substitute for the ball special sets that were not merely those for which vouchers had been given by army officers?

Mr. Wilson replied, No; that some had vouchers

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WAS SENOTON, Jan. 14, 1860.
BRIDGING THE DELAWARE RIVER.

On motion of Mr. O'NEILL, (rep.) of Pa., the Committee on Commerce was discharged from the further consideration of his bill giving the consent of the United States for the erection of a bridge across the Delaware river to connect Philadelphia and Camden; and the bill was referred to the Committee on Roads and Const.

Mr. Brooks presented petitions of Messrs. Hopkins, Wetmore and others against the increased duy of one and a half cents on steel; and a memorial of the Chamber of Commerce for Congress to authorize the NewYoundland and London Telegraph to land a cable in New York.

Mr. Warb presented petitions of citizens of Hume, N. Y., in favor of a reduction of taxation and public expenditure. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

expenditure. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

THE NIAGARA SHIP CANAL.

Mr. WINDOM, (rep.) of Minn., with the consent of Mr. Van Horn, of N. Y., who was entitled to the floor, on the Niagara Ship Canal bill, moved to post-pone its consideration until after the morning hour. This was agreed to by a vote of 70 to 40.

Mr. WASHBURNE, (rep.) of Ill., moved to reconsider the vote, and asked for the reading of the provisions of the bill as a preliminary to his remarks.

Mr. ELIOT, (rep.) of Mass., raised the point that it was not in order to read the provisions of the bill at this time.

The Spraker sustained the point.

Mr. WASHBURNE (Ill.) said his object was to show that it was right and proper to dispose of this bill at the earliest moment in order that the public business should be proceeded with, and besides, he wanted to see whether the House was willing that the large amount of money proposed to be appropriated should be made a charge on the government.

After further proceedings Mr. WASHBURNE moved, and the House ordered, his motion to be on the lable.

EXTENDING BOUNDARIES OF CERTAIN STATES.

After further proceedings Mr. WASHBURNE moved, and the House ordered, his motion to be on the table.

EXTENDING BOUNDARIES OF CERTAIN STATES.

Mr. ASHLEY, (rep.) of Oblo, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to extend the boundaries of the States of Nevada, Minnesota and Nebraska, and the territories of Colorado, Montana and Wyoming. He said the Senators and representatives from those States and the delegates from the Territories were in favor of the bill.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Ill., said that the bill proposed to dismember Utah, and he suggested whether, before taking final action, it would not be better to wait for the arrival of the delegate from Utah, who is detained from the House by sickness.

Mr. ASHEN said the bill did not design to interfere with the settled portion of Utah, but to give the Territory to Colorado. Thus there would not be territory enough in Utah to make a State. He originally drew up the bill to blot out Utah, but the committee thinking that the Mormons should not be disturbed where they are, the provisions were altered to what they are in the bill. He consented that the further consideration of the bill be postponed for two weeks.

Mr. ASHLEY and so reported a bill granting the right of way to the Walls Walls and Columbia River Rairoad. The distance from Walls Walls to the Columbia river is thirty miles. The bill gives 200 feet on each side of the road and five acres of land at each of the several depots. There are no other grants.

Mr. ASHLEY of Chip. Tom Her Erritories.

Mr. Delano, (rep.) of Ohlo, offerred an amendment, which was agreed to, namely, that the grant is made on the express condition that, if any effort shall be made by the said railroad company to obtain any land grant subsidy or pecuniary sid from the United States, this shall work a forfeiture of the grant. The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

third reading.

ELECTIONS IN THE TERRITORIES.

Mr. ASHLEY, of Ohio, from the Committee or ritories, reported a bill to preserve the purity tions in the several organized Territories United States.

parties on the boards as will secure parties on the boards against illegal voting and fraudulent election returns.

THE MISSOURI CONTESTED ELECTION CASE.

The morning hour expired before the subject was disposed of.

Mr. COOK, (rep.) of Ill., from the Committee on Elections, reported resolutions declaring that Georre W. Anderson is not entitled to a seat from the Ninth Congressional district of Missouri, but that William F. Switzer is entitled to the seat. He said he would call up the report to morrow.

THE NIAGARA SHIP CANAL.

The spectal order was then taken up, when Mr. Van Horn, of N. Y., spoke at length in support of his bill to provide for the construction of a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara. He argued its importance and necessity in a military, naval and commercial point of view, and carnestly maintained that its construction could work no interest to our present lines of communication; that it the whole

plunder scheme. It seemed to him it was time the House should consider whether they have the money to invest for the purpose of this bill, which he opposed at length.

Mr. Patz, (rep.) of Wis., delivered his own views, showing that the interests of the great States of the Northwest imperatively demanded increased facilities for the transportation of their surplus agricultural products to a market. He said wmat they want and must have is cheaper transportation.

Mr. Washburner, of Ill., desired that a time should be fixed for taking a vote on the bill. It was now the middle of January and they had passed only three of the general appropriation bills. The others should be passed, so as to be sent to the Senate.

There was conversation on the subject, but no conclusion reached as to what time the vote should be taken.

The German democrats assembled in delegate meeting last evening at schmenger's Germania Hall, on Third avenue, near Eighteenth street, for the purpose of organizing for the year. It seemed that the Germans had profited something by experience, for the hall was crowded, and in fact uncomfortably filled, and should and should are fortably filled, and shouts and cat-calls were numerous. But all the opposition menaced was not strong enough to break into the arrange-ment as fixed. The contesting delegations of the ment as fixed. The contesting delegations of the Fifth, Eleventh, Twenty-first and Twenty-second wards were referred back to their wards, and the Seventeenth ward was fully admitted, with the threat that a rod is kept for them in the pickle unless they behave themselves. It was at last agreed, but a small portion of the delegates voting, the larger number finding it impossible to come within hearing distance of the chair, that the election of officers be proceded with. The vote by ballot for President gave Dr. Schirmer 252 of the 250 votes cast, which insures his renomination for Coroner next fail. The doctor, on taking the chair, made a very happy speech, calculated to heal all differences; that it did not do so may be ascribed to the next vote—for first Vice President—which gave to General Sabach 173, to Supervisor Herman, 84 votes, with it scattering. The deleat of the opposition on this vote, where they concentrated their whole force, satisfied them, and it being eleven o'clock when this result was reached, the hall began to thin out. The following were the officers elected, excepting those named:—Second Vice President, Edward Schlichting; Recording Secretary, Herman Schroeter; Corresponding Secretary, Albert Goettmann: Treasurer, George officers elected, excepting those named:—Second Vice President, Edward Schlichting; Recording Secretary, Herman Schroeter; Corresponding Secretary, Albert Goettmann; Treasurer, George Rauch: and Sergeant-at-Arms, E. Wetss Kapp. When it was made known that the "ring" had it all "cooked and dried" it was handed around that the "trinity" consisted of three persons—one a judge, one a newspaper proprietor and one an editor—the initials of whose names make the word F. O. G.; and foggy the whole affair appeared to a large minority, as the vote on the First Vice President showed.

ROBBERY IN MERCER STREET.—Last evening a Philadelphian named James Alfison accused Pannie King with robbing him of seventy-five dollars in greenbacks at No. 67 Mercer street. Fannie was arrested by officer Casey, of the Eignth precinct, and locked up.

FIRE IN FIFTEENTH STREET.—At eleven o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the kindling room.

FIRE IN FIFTERSTH STREET.—At cleven o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the kindling wood factory of Kouth, Hillebrandt & Co., corner of Ninth avenue and Fifteenth street. It originated, it is believed, from the fire under the bolier. The damage wis about \$1,500; insured in the Pacific Insurance Company for \$2,500. The building, which was but little nujured, is owned by William B. Astor. ACCIDENT.—Between eight and nine o'clock last night Mary Rush, of No. 44 Gouverneur street, was housely down in Grand street by a run away house

BALLS LAST NIGHT.

The Caledonia Club Ball. The Caledonia Club Ball.

There was a gathering of the clans hast night at Apollo Hall, corner of Twenty-eighth street and Broadway. Anid Scotia was in the field, and to the inspiring strains of the pibroch the Malcolms, the Macgregors, the Stewarts, the Macdonaids, the Macphersons, the Argyles, the Macfarlands, the Macduffa and a dozen others gathered, and, dressed in kilts, sporrans and dirks, with their bare legs and their gilttering skeindhus, all joined in the general muster. All of which is intended to convey the idea that last night the Caledonia Club of New York held its twelfth annual ball at Ferrero's Hall. For years past the Caledonia ball has been considered one of the events of leason, and its annual festival has always looked forward to by hundreds of some ladies and gallant men as one of the most

The Arion Society.

Preparatory to the great masquerade ball this society usually holds what it calls carnival sessions, and the first of them took place last night at the Germania Assembly Rooms. The hall was tastefully decorated and almost overcrowded. The "little council" had seats on a platform, over which was turning a windmill, indicating that what was being said below it was but tille wind. A number of original essays in rhymns. piatorm, over which was turning a windmili, indicating that what was being said below it was but idle wind. A number of original essays in rhyme and prose were recited, the speaker standing on a contrivance representing a huge mouth, the jaws of which closed when the matter recited was not "taking." Madame Bärndorf was one of the guests, and she very happly illustrated her dilinculties with the Stadt theatre, offending no one and amusing all. The carnival gazette was then read by Mr. Buchleister, and some of the hits are worth repeating. Napoleon is the great gun of France, but it only sounds big, and hits no one. Reverdy Johnson had hung out the American colors prominently—the Red, White and Blue—which led many to suppose that he had opened a shaving shop. Spain had annexed America, for it adopted humoug. The Committees of the Schnetzenfest are to be presented to John A. Kennedy, to hang them where he pleases. And in regard to German theatricals some very good wittiersms were got off, reminding one of "Puss in Boots." At the next meeting a new opera will be performed, called "La Belle Genevieve, of Gerolstein," the name of which is indicative of fun. As a remarkable thing it may be mentioned that, others having forgotton it, Mr. John Kress offered a toast to the lailes.

greatest ball of the season, has been chronicled so often since the season began that it would be, probably, a very commonplace remark to state that the hop of the Baxter fraternity last night was by far the grandest affair of its kind which has occurred since last winter. However, it richness of toilets, an unprecedented array of female

The sixteenth annual ball of the Lindsey Blues, which came off last night at Irving Hall, was a reorganized in 1852 and have the honor of being one of the oldest independent military companies of the city. The decorations were remarkably handsome and appropriate. In the centre of the platform was a dazzling gas illumination of the device of the corps—a Maitese cross, surmounted by the American cagle—around which were displayed the colors of the company, while on either side glittered trophies of martial weanons. Judging by the number of ladies present the galant Blues must be great favorites with the fair sex. It was also evident that they were ardent lovers of the beautiful. The arrangements of the different committees could not have been improved upon in any particular, and the officers of the company were untiring in their attentions to the guests, on the whole this was one of the most delightful affairs of the season.

ment National Guard, State of New York.
This was the invitation hop of the gallant boys who
compose company B of the Eighth regiment, and it
is hardly necessary to say that the affair was gotten up in a style to reflect credit on this veteran regi-ment of the late war, most of the members of which are too familiar with "bails" not to know how to present a full front at a hop and dress it up in first class order. The hop came off in the spacious drill room of the armory, corner of Centre and Grand streets, which was all aglow with brilliant gas jets and densely hung with the national buning in curious festoons and other designs. The officers and men of the company were in full dress uniform, and numbers of gentlemen not connected with the regiment presented themselves in plain evening costume. The fadies, of whom there was a large representation, appeared, as they always do, beautiful and attractive, many of them being dressed in the most gorgeous and tasteful style. Shortly before eleven o'clock the bail opened, and the scene became truly gay and enlivening. Major General Shaler and staff and Brigadier General Varian and staff arrived on the scene of festivity close on twelve o'clock and were received with all the military honors due their respective ranks. Not the least interesting part of the programme was the supper, which was composed of the choicest delicacies of the season, as well as those of more substantial vlands which give nutrition to the inner man. After supper the dancing was renewed with a greater seprif do corps than before, and Somnus had long covered himself up in his royal couch and woke up after his first snooze before the boys of the galiant Eighth thought of sounding the retreat. spacious drill room of the armory, corner of Centre

Progressive Spiritualists—Everett Rooms.

The recent sale in Paris of Mme. Beaven's ceramic collection did not realize so large a sum as expected. The highest price given was for an old China jar of a beautiful bine, which fetched \$254; two others, with fluted body, \$213, and two of ovoid form, with a purple ground, veined in imitation of agate, \$200; a small jardiniere of old severa, pate tendre, of the time of Louis XVI., with paintings by Boullist, \$360; and a rocallle timeptees in glib bronze, orpamented with a group of old Dresden, epoch of Louis XV., \$304; three vases of old Cheisea, pate tendre, \$132; and a vase from the famous iscory of the Buen Return in Madrid, \$50.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

Samuel Tryon, a cigar manufacturer of Westfield, Mass., has failed for \$50,000. His assets are about

night, in caucus, nominated as their candidate for United States Senator Mr. A. P. Gould, of Thomas

ou Monday.

Hiram Harrison, president of the American Whip Company in Westfield, Mass., died on Wednesday night of heart disease. He was a prominent citizen and the founder of the public library.

The republican caucus of the Indiana Legislature last night nominated Lieutenant Governor Cumback for United States Senator. General Gresham was nominated for Agent of the State at New York.

A valuable stock barn, owned by Mr. Ware, near Salem, Mass., was burned Wednesday night, with the contents, consisting of thirty valuable cows, several yoke of oxen and seventy tons of hay. The loss is \$12,000.

In Napierville, Dupage county, Ill., Wednesday night, James Laird, Deputy United States Marshal, of Wyoming Territory. was killed by Channey Balley as he was entering Balley's bedroom, Balley suspecting improper intercourse with a woman who, it is alleged, had previously eloped with a Universal-

James Saving, of La Salle, Ill., late a volunteer lieutenant in the United States Navy, calls on all officers who served in the Western flothlia, Missouri squadron, during the war, to assemble at Cairo on the 18th of February, to form a society similar to those of the armies of the Tennessee, the Cumberland, Ohio and Georgia.

Under the game laws of this State the killing of partridges is an offence after January 1 of the present year and up to September 20; quail up to October 15 and woodcock up to August 1.

At a recent gathering of female representatives of the days of auld lang-syne, in Coventry, Chenango county, five ladies present represented the sum total of 445 years and 832 pounds avoirdupois.

The sensation in hotel line in Dayton, Ohio, on Friday was the arrival of a double wedding party from Miami county—a father and his son, who had married sisters, the father wedding the younger.

A jury were kept out thirty-six hours without food or fire at Harrison, Ind., last week on account of the obstinacy of one of the jurymen, who would not concur with his colleagues till he was starved and frozen into it.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York-This Day.

Sun rises 7 22 | Moon sets....eve 7 56 Sun sets 4 57 High water eve 10 25

Went	her Along	the Coast		
Pari. Wind. Plaister Cove		JANUARY 14-9 4. M. Wenther, Thermometer,		
Plaister Cove	NW	Cloudy	20	abora
Halliax	SW	Cloudy	29	above
Portland	SW	Clear	28	above
Boston	SW	Clear	31	above
New York	SW	Clear	34	above
Philadelphia	SW	Clear	82	above
Wilmington, Del	SW	Cleur	112	above
Washington	8W	Clear	35	above
Richmond	SW	Clear	36	ADOVE
Savannah	N	Clear	58	above
Charleston				
Mobile		Cloudy	54	above
New Orleans	E	Raining	54	above
Key West	NE	Foggy	68	above
Havana0		Cloudy	75	above

PORT OF NEW YORK, JAYUARY 11, 1869.

ns and Pursers of Vessels arriving at this port will aliver all packages intended for the HERALD to our zed agents who are attached to our Steam New York Associated Press do not now collect marine reports nor attend to the delivery of packages, as will be seen by the following extract from the proceedings of the regular monthly meeting held March 3, 1888:—
Resolved, That on and after April 1, 1885, the Associated Press will discontinue the collection of ship news in the harbor of New York. Passed unanimously.

sahip Aleppo (Br), Harrison, Liverpool via S Cunard, whip Hermann (NG), Weeks, P.

Melnoke a.v.. Brig Countess of Dudley (Br), Priomon, Merchant. Brig Annie Gardner, Gardner, Demarara—Miller & Hough-Brig Annie Gardner, Gardner, Walsh, Field & Way.

Schr Keokuk, Small. Arroyo—Simpson & Clapp.
Schr E Moore, Degroot, Baltimore—Baker & Dayton.
Schr S T Baker, Brewster, Baltimore—A Abbott.
Schr Royal Oak, Errickson, Snowhill—Colline & Powell.
Schr C C Bearse, Hodgdon, New Haven—Miller & Hough-

ARRIVALS. REPORTED BY THE HERALD STRAW YACHTS.

Reamship Oc.

Reamship Meptune, Baker, Bosion, with mise, to Wm P.
Clyde.

Steamship Wamautta, Kelly, New Bedford, with mise and
pansengers, to Ferguson & Wood.

Ship Midnight of Roston I. Brock, San Francisco, Sept 25,
with wheat, to Flatt & Rewton. Was 24 days to the line in the Pacific, Capes Horn 80 days, and 35 days to the line in the Pacific, Capes Horn 80 days, and 35 days to the line in the Atlantic. Had moderate weather up to the last week; then

roung Kr and RV giller, Nichola, San Francisco, Sept 31,
with grain, to order. Crossed the equator in the Pacific Oct.

Is, in Ion 118 80; passed Cape Horn Nov 18; crossed the equator in the Atlantic Dec 31, in 1on 38 cf. Dec 10, iat 32 28 3, ion

15.0. spoke bark Frisk (Mor), from Callao for Dunkiris, 52
dave out; Hith, iat 22 25 9, ion 21, bark Eaglet (Br), from
Brisbane' Australia for London, 65 days out.

Rark Hugin (New, Olecch Equique, 58 days, with nitrate of odds, &c., io 8 C Ferguson. Had fine weather. Dec 4, iat

36 28, ion 29 38 w, spoke hark Franway (Br, from Boston for Sciency, NSW; Shi, lat 22 18 8, ion 20 20 w, bark Pearl, from Boston for Sciency, NSW; Shi, lat 22 18 8, ion 20 20 w, bark Pearl, from Boston for Calcula, 65 days out.

Rark Ellesser Nor), Hausen, Antwerp, 65 days, with mise, to Funch, Mencke & Co. Had strong gales from WSW with mise, to Funch, Mencke & Co. Had strong gales from WSW to WSW; sprong malumant head, carried away main yard and lost and myth salls.

WNW; spring malnman head, carried away main yard and lost and spit asils.

Bark Edward Hill (Br., Marston, Emyrna Oct Il and Gibraitar Row E, with fruit, &c., to k T Hragdoth. Had heavy weather; lost forestopgallantmant and rigging. Jan i, int in 10, long 80 w, spoke beat Neachan (NO), from Bremen for Philadelphila Grapsout.

Philadelphila Grapsout.

Bark Carlb, Jayne, Salt Cay, Ti, Il days, with salt, to Woodrow Joses Grapsout.

Brig Egernteria (Br.), Stapiston, Liverpoot, 55 days, with coal to order. Had very heavy washer; shifted cargo, dec. Brig Hirdle (Br.), Stapiston, Liverpoot, 55 days, with coal to Gerch, Ferkins & Job. Had fine weather. Will proceed to Beston, having pot into this port for provisions.

Brig handen (Br., Cowans, Kewport, 55 days, with railway fron, to order. Came the southern passage and had fine weather.

25, ton 67 84, spoke bark Louise (Mor), from Liver-hiladelphia, 51 days out. o (Dani, Karilesen, Rio Janeiro, 50 days, with cofn & oil (Br), Peterson, Port au Prince, 15 tit, Son & Co. Has been 6 days north head winds.

Jacksonville, 8 days, with lumber to oderate wasther.

Schr Annie, Rvan, Newport,
Schr Spray, Murphry, New Haven.
Schr Baltimore, Hemmilogway, New Haven.
Schr Bart Hall, Williams, New London.
Schr Alary Hall, Williams, New London.
Schr Julia R Clark, Mapes, Bridgeport for Elizabethport.
Schr Fashlön, Davia, Bridgeport for Elizabethport.
Schr Sch Tenschon, Davia, Bridgeport for Jersey City.
Schr Mm Brant, Rogers, Port Jefferson.
Schr Atlantic, Resves, Port Jefferson.

The schr yecht Atalanta, Brewer, from Wiscasset for harleston, which arrived yesterday, is consigned to Chase, SAILED.

Steamships Hermann, Bremen; Columbia, Havana; Sara-ossa, Charleston; Gen Barnes, Savannah. Wind at sunset W.

SHIP FORM A WIND SHIP FORM A S

BARK BROTHERS' PRIDE (of St John, NS). Smith, from Averpool for Philadelphia, put into Bermuda 23d (not 27th) it leaky and with loss of sails.

and with loss of all her sais.

HIGH FRANK W, Larsen, at Cadiz from New York, experienced very beavy gaise, lost deck load, stove bulwarks, &c. and had cabin filled with water.

SCHEM MARY JANE (BP), Swain, 15 days from Clide River, NS, for Port Spain, with a cargo of lumber, arrived at Bermuda Ist inst in distress, with loss of almost all her sails, foremast and jibboom spring, and leaking. The captain reports experiencing a succession of beavy gaise site whole passage. Will refit and proceed on voyage with despatch.

SCHEM RISCHER, Hopewell, of and for Hallifar from Mayagoes, in ballast, 30 days out, put noto Bermuda 19th uit, have been declared to the way of the sails.

ing had to cut away masts on lith December, in a hurricane. Vessel a complete wreck. (salley and boats store, all salls and spars lost and out of provisions. Was towed into port by the tugboat Raid.

Dec 31, schr J B Vandusen, Foster (from Fortia) as; Jan 2, brige Victoire, Smith (from 8t Martis dth, Chevlot, Whitney from Greenock, Fortiand; Queen, Schultz, NYork, d Dec 18, bark Black Brothers, Perry, Philiadeloi, , Dec 28.—Arrived, Frank W, Larsen, NYork, S, Dec 38.—Tut in, Southers Eagle, Fleroe, from L a), M'Besth, Unbrission von Voncans, Cleared 28th, Africa, Berry, New Orleans, Cleared 28th, Africa, Berry, New Orleans, Entered out 28th, Northampton, Nesley, New Orleans, Kangaroo (a), N'vork via Hairifat; Cuba (a), Moodie, N'vork Yasamanian, Driver, do; Helvella (a), Thomson, Alexandria via Portsmouth (entered Dec 8 for N'vork); N & E Gracther, Journeay, Caliao centered New W for Mobile); Caclin, Bis trup, Charleston; J S & LO Adams, Adams, Havana; 28th, Turu, Charleston; J S & LO Adams, Adams, Havana; 28th, Pera, McCulloch, New Orleans; Pautheos a), Corlishley, do Yeak; Nobraska (a), Guard

GLOUGESTER, Jan 13—Arrived, schrs Ucean mas, GLOUGESTER, Jan 13—Arrived, schrs Ucean man, Rockland for NYork; 18th, Lucy J Warren, Allen, Beifast for Baltumore.

Fast for Baltumore.

His Marker Mark

Baltimore. Salied-Brigs Maria W Norwood, Washburn, New Orleans; Eva N Johnson, Johnson, Charleston.
SAN PRANCISCO, Jan 14—Arrived, Paramount, Newcaste, NSW.
Salied-Herman, Rio Janeiro; Classa, Valparaiso; Speedwell, Punta Arenas.
SAYANN AH, Jan 14—Arrived, schra Babine, New London; Four Sisters, Boston; Margaret, Providence; Donna Anna, Hanna Risters, Boston; Margaret, Providence; Donna Anna,

A.—McINTIRE & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

318 Canal street and 138 Chatham,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, &c.; Gold and

Sliver, foreign and domestic, bought and sold at the daily
quotations. Information furnished and prizes promptly

cashed in Missouri and Kentucky Lotteries. A GENTS WANTED TO SELL BLAKES & CHAIR GOODWIN & BLAKE, 612 Broadway, N. Y

ATTENTION, NEWSDEALERS! HEARTH AND HOME NO A READY SATURDAY, JAN. 16,

Rebecca Harding Davis, author of LIFE IN THE IRON

THE TEMBROKE LEGACY.

This story will be handsomely illustrated by Stephens, and will run through several numbers. It is a number of un-

MAGIC COMB CO.-DEPOT, SII BROADWAY, N. T. ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. PRIZES PAID IN GOLD Information furnished in all legalized Lotteries.

GALLAGHER & BRO., 316 Cheannut street,
Philadelphia.

THE SAMPSON SCALE COMPANY,

240 Broadway, New York, Manufacture and have constantly on hand for sale,
WEIGH LOCK, RAILROAD TRACK, HAY, COAL, CATTLR, WARRHOUSE,
and every variety of smaller Scales.
No scale before the public possesses the sensitiveness, simplicity, rigidity, accuracy, durability, compactness, facility and exactness of adjustment and adaptability to any location which belong to the

SAMPSON COMBINATION.